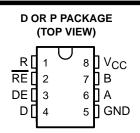
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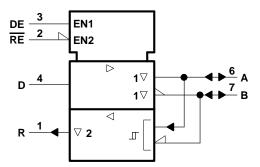
- Bidirectional Transceivers
- Meet or Exceed the Requirements of ANSI Standards EIA/TIA-422-B and RS-485 and ITU Recommendations V.11 and X.27
- Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments
- 3-State Driver and Receiver Outputs
- Individual Driver and Receiver Enables
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/Output Bus Voltage Ranges
- Driver Output Capability . . . ±60 mA Max
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Driver Positive and Negative Current Limiting
- Receiver Input Impedance . . . 12 k Ω Min
- Receiver Input Sensitivity ... ±200 mV
- Receiver Input Hysteresis . . . 50 mV Typ
- Operate From Single 5-V Supply

description

The SN65176B and SN75176B differential bus transceivers are monolithic integrated circuits designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus transmission lines. They are designed for balanced transmission lines and meet ANSI Standards EIA/TIA-422-B and RS-485 and ITU Recommendations V.11 and X.27.

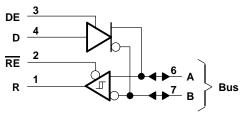


logic symbol[†]



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)



The SN65176B and SN75176B combine a 3-state differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, that can be externally connected together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are connected internally to form differential input/output (I/O) bus ports that are designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or $V_{CC} = 0$. These ports feature wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges making the device suitable for party-line applications.

DRIVER							
INPUT	ENABLE	OUT	PUTS				
D	DE	Α	В				
Н	Н	Н	L				
L	н	L	Н				
Х	L	Z	Z				

Function Tables

RECEIVER

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A – B	ENABLE RE	OUTPUT R
V _{ID} ≥ 0.2 V	L	Н
–0.2 V < V _{ID} < 0.2 V	L	?
$V_{ID} \leq -0.2 V$	L	L
X	Н	Z
Open	L	Н

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

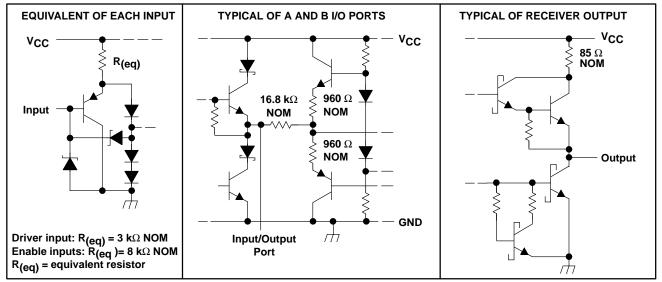
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description (continued)

The driver is designed for up to 60 mA of sink or source current. The driver features positive- and negative-current limiting and thermal shutdown for protection from line-fault conditions. Thermal shutdown is designed to occur at a junction temperature of approximately 150°C. The receiver features a minimum input impedance of 12 k Ω , an input sensitivity of ±200 mV, and a typical input hysteresis of 50 mV.

The SN65176B and SN75176B can be used in transmission line applications employing the SN75172 and SN75174 quadruple differential line drivers and SN75173 and SN75175 quadruple differential line receivers.

The SN65176B is characterized for operation from -40° C to 105° C and the SN75176B is characterized for operation from 0° C to 70° C.



schematics of inputs and outputs



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	
Voltage range at any bus terminal	
Enable input voltage, V ₁	5.5 V
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, TA: SN6	65176B –40°C to 105°C
SN7	75176B 0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	– 65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case	e for 10 seconds 260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values, except differential input/output bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

	DISSIPATION RATING TABLE							
PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 105°C POWER RATING				
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	261 mW				
Р	1100 mW	8.8 mW/°C	704 mW	396 mW				

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CC}		4.75	5	5.25	V
bltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mode), VI or VIC				12	v
voltage at any bus terminal (separately of				-7	v
High-level input voltage, V _{IH}	D, DE, and RE	2			V
Low-level input voltage, VIL	D, DE, and RE			0.8	V
Differential input voltage, VID (see Note 2)				±12	V
High-level output current, IOH	Driver			-60	mA
	Receiver			-400	μΑ
Low-level output current, IOI	Driver			60	mA
Low-level output current, IOL	Receiver			8	ША
Operating free air temperature Te	SN65176B	-40		105	°C
Operating free-air temperature, TA	SN75176B	0		70	C

NOTE 2: Differential-input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal A with respect to the inverting terminal B.



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DRIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS [†]	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
VIK	Input clamp voltage	lı = –18 mA				-1.5	V
VO	Output voltage	IO = 0		0		6	V
VOD1	Differential output voltage	I ^O = 0		1.5	3.6	6	V
IV _{OD2} I	Differential output voltage	R _L = 100 Ω,	See Figure 1	1/2 V _{OD1} or 2¶			V
		R _L = 54 Ω,	See Figure 1	1.5	2.5	5	V
V _{OD3}	Differential output voltage	See Note 4		1.5		5	V
∆ Vod	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage§	R _L = 54 Ω or 100 Ω,				±0.2	V
Voc	Common-mode output voltage		See Figure 1			+3 -1	V
∆ V _{OC}	Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage§					±0.2	V
	Output current	Output disabled,	V _O = 12 V			1	mA
ю	Ouput current	See Note 3	$V_{O} = -7 V$			-0.8	ША
Ι _{ΙΗ}	High-level input current	V _I = 2.4 V				20	μΑ
۱ _{IL}	Low-level input current	V _I = 0.4 V				-400	μA
		$V_{O} = -7 V$				-250	
	Short-circuit output current	$V_{O} = 0$				150	mA
los		$V_{O} = V_{CC}$				250	IIIA
		V _O = 12 V				250	
	Supply current (total package)	No load	Outputs enabled		42	70	mA
ICC	Supply current (total package)	INO IUdu	Outputs disabled		26	35	IIIA

[†] The power-off measurement in ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-422-B applies to disabled outputs only and is not applied to combined inputs and outputs. [‡] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V and T_A = 25°C.

§ Δ|V_{OD}| and Δ|V_{OC}| are the changes in magnitude of V_{OD} and V_{OC}, respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

 \P The minimum V_{OD2} with a 100- Ω load is either 1/2 V_{OD1} or 2 V, whichever is greater.

NOTES: 3. See ANSI Standard RS-485 Figure 3.5, Test Termination Measurement 2.

4. This applies for both power on and off; refer to ANSI Standard RS-485 for exact conditions. The EIA/TIA-422-B limit does not apply for a combined driver and receiver terminal.

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, R_L = 110 k Ω , T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNIT
td(OD)	Differential-output delay time	R ₁ = 54 Ω,	See Figure 3		15	22	ns
^t t(OD)	Differential-output transition time	RL = 54 32,	See Figure 5		20	30	ns
^t PZH	Output enable time to high level	See Figure 4			85	120	ns
t _{PZL}	Output enable time to low level	See Figure 5			40	60	ns
^t PHZ	Output disable time from high level	See Figure 4			150	250	ns
t _{PLZ}	Output disable time from low level	See Figure 5			20	30	ns



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SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS						
DATA SHEET PARAMETER	EIA/TIA-422-B	RS-485				
VO	V _{oa,} V _{ob}	V _{oa,} V _{ob}				
IVOD1	Vo	Vo				
VOD2	V _t (R _L = 100 Ω)	V _t (R _L = 54 Ω)				
Ινοd3Ι		V _t (Test Termination Measurement 2)				
$\Delta V_{OD} $	$ V_t - \overline{V}_t $	$ V_t - \overline{V}_t $				
V _{OC}	V _{OS}	V _{os}				
	$ V_{OS} - \overline{V}_{OS} $	$ V_{OS} - \overline{V}_{OS} $				
IOS	I _{sa} , I _{sb}					
lo	I _{xa} , I _{xb}	l _{ia} , l _{ib}				

RECEIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST C	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VIT+	Positive-going input threshold voltage	V _O = 2.7 V,	$I_{O} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$			0.2	V
V_{IT-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage	V _O = 0.5 V,	I _O = 8 mA	-0.2‡			V
V _{hys}	Input hysteresis voltage (V _{IT+} -V _{IT-})				50		mV
VIK	Enable Input clamp voltage	lı = – 18 mA				-1.5	V
VOH	High-level output voltage	V _{ID} = 200 mV, See Figure 2	I _{OH} = -400 μA,	2.7			V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -200 \text{ mV},$ See Figure 2	I _{OL} = 8 mA,			0.45	V
IOZ	High-impedance-state output current	$V_{O} = 0.4 \text{ V to } 2.4 \text{ V}$				±20	μA
1.		Other input = 0 V,	Vj = 12 V			1	mA
1	Line input current	See Note 5	$V_{I} = -7 V$			-0.8	ШA
Iн	High-level enable input current	V _{IH} = 2.7 V				20	μA
۱ _{IL}	Low-level enable input current	V _{IL} = 0.4 V				-100	μA
rj	Input resistance	V _I = 12 V		12			kΩ
IOS	Short-circuit output current			-15		-85	mA
100	Supply surrent (total poskage)	No load	Outputs enabled		42	55	m A
lcc	Supply current (total package)	INU IUAU	Outputs disabled		26	35	mA

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

[‡] The algebraic convention, in which the less-positive (more-negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.

NOTE 5: This applies for both power on and power off. Refer to EIA Standard RS-485 for exact conditions.



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switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, C_L = 15 pF, T_A = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	V _{ID} = 0 to 3 V, See Figure 6		21	35	ns
^t PHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	$v_{\text{ID}} = 0.03 \text{ v}, \text{ See Figure 6}$		23	35	ns
^t PZH	Output enable time to high level			10	20	ns
^t PZL	Output enable time to low level	See Figure 7		12	20	ns
^t PHZ	Output disable time from high level	See Figure 7		20	35	ns
^t PLZ	Output disable time from low level	See Figure 7		17	25	ns



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

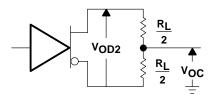
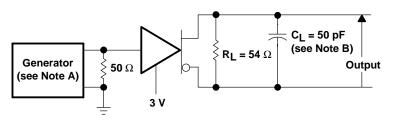


Figure 1. Driver V_{OD} and V_{OC}



TEST CIRCUIT

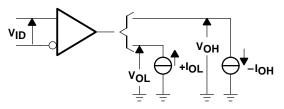


Figure 2. Receiver VOH and VOL

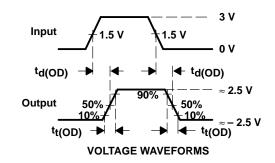
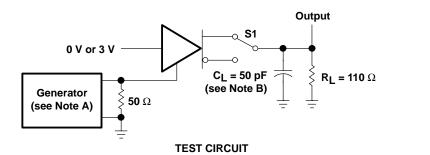
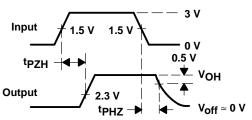


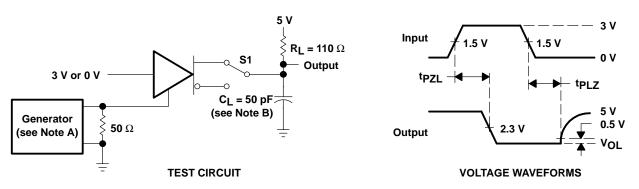
Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

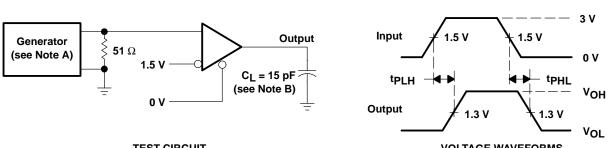
Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, t_f \leq 6 ns, t_f \leq 6 ns, Z_O = 50 Ω .
 - B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

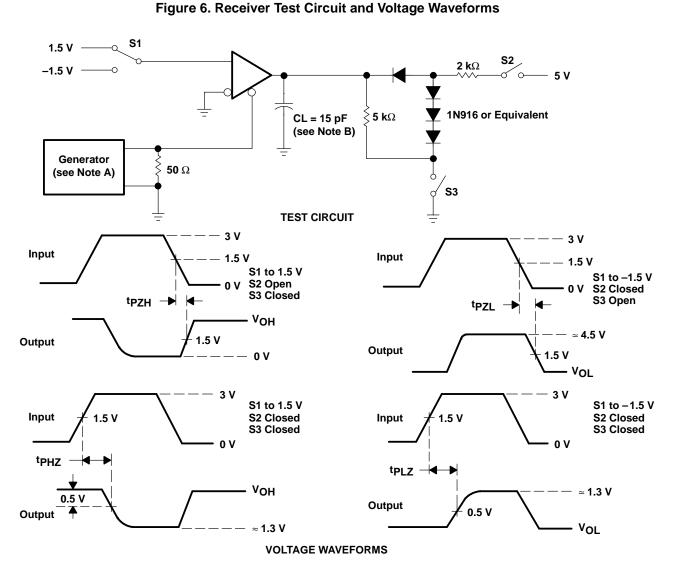
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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

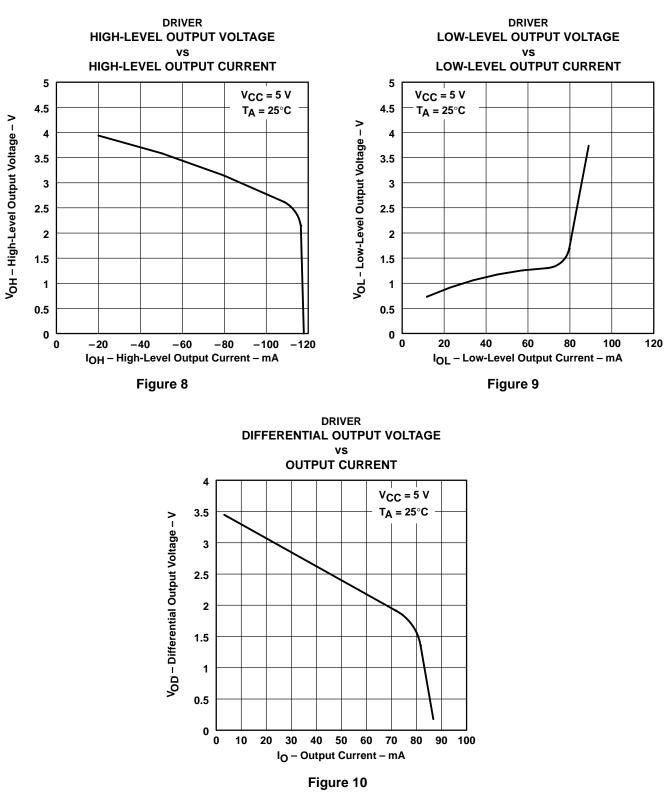




- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, t_f \leq 6 ns, t_f \leq 8 ns, t_f
 - B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.



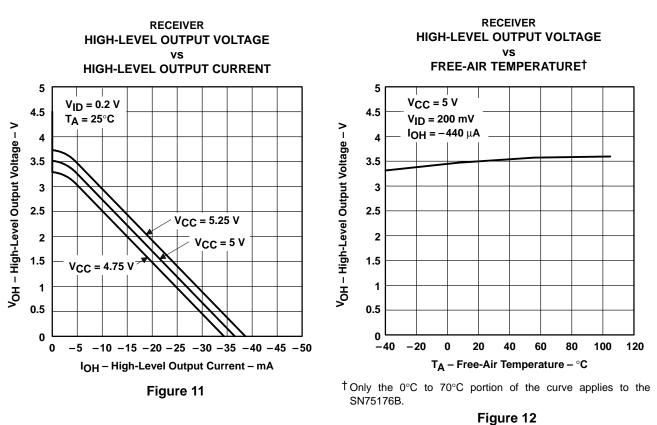
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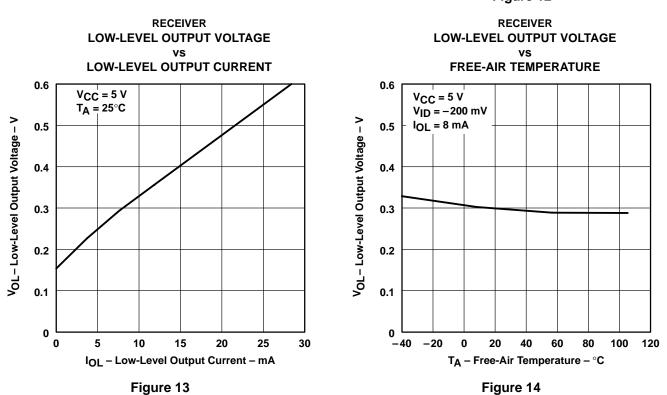
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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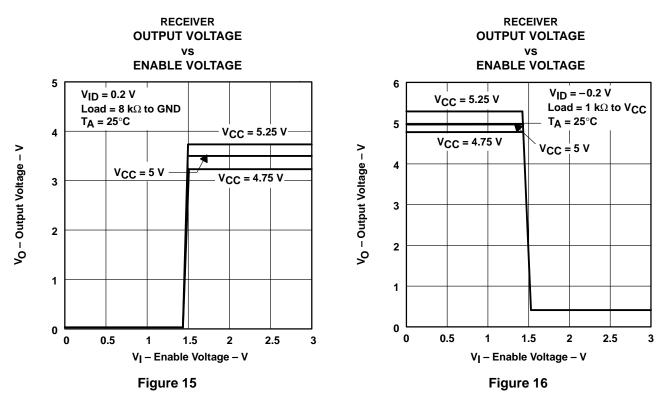


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



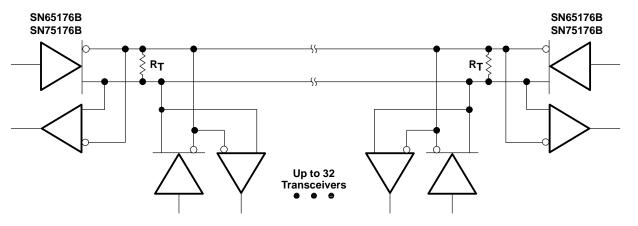


Figure 17. Typical Application Circuit

NOTE: The line should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance (R_T = Z_O). Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.



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